THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 3212. COLORADO SPRINGS, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1884. Price Five Cents

SITUATION IN OHIO.

Late Reports from the Seat of the Political Struggle.

Republicans Awaiting the Onset with Confidence.

Both Sides Seeking to Prevent Fraudulent Voting.

The Ohio Campaign.

COLUMBUS, October 13.—Mr. Blaine left Lancaster this morning for Toledo via Columbus. Just as he started the train going down the Hocking valley, carrying Mr. Kendricks, democratic candidate for vice president, arrived at Lancaster. The crowd at the depot cheered Mr. Hendricks when he appeared on the rear platform, and he returned thanks in a very brief speech, in the course of which he said: "If Ohio to-morrow shall support the democratic cause the fight is over, but if Ohio to-morrow shall not do that then in Indiana and in the other states the fight is one to the death."

At Columbus ex Governor Foster, Chairman Oglevie of the republican state committee, and ex-Commissioner Dudley boarded Mr. Blaine's car. There was a stop here of over an hour, but the car was left on the outskirts of the city and did not go into the depot at all.

TOLEDO, October 13. At several small stations there was loud cheering. As the train passed at Upper Sandusky there was a very enthusiastic crowd of people who demanded a speech. Mr. Blaine said: "A speech, my friends, is quite unnecessary. A speech on a political topic is too late. Action is the word now. [Great applause.] To morrow Ohio is to proclaim the result of the presidential election. I hope the republicans of this state are ready for the trial." ["We are ready." Prolonged cheers.]

At 4 40 the train reached Toledo and Blaine and party were driven quietly to the Boody house, where he will spend the night. To morrow he will go to Detroit.

Guarding Against Fraud.

COLUMBUS, October 13. A citizens' meeting was held to-day consisting of a joint committee appointed by Cleveland and Hendricks clubs and by the republican executive committee to take some action to prevent illegal voting to-morrow. A long conference was held, at the conclusion of which it was decided to appoint four citizens, two of each party, for each precinct in the city. It is claimed that similar meetings were held in other cities and committees appointed who will be at the polls all day, designated by badges, and will have authority to scrutinize every thing about the ballot box and the manner in which the election is conducted. The sheriff of the county appointed between thirty and forty deputies this afternoon, to be present at the polls, and the mayor to night, believing the sheriff had interfered with his authority, called a meeting of the police board and secured permission to appoint one hundred extra policemen. About half that number will be appointed to-night and others will be named in the morning.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—Detective Rathbone of the United States secret service to-night arrested twelve men on the charge of conspiring to use fraud at the election. The men are all white. They say that they came here under direction of the chief of police of Lexington, Ky., to "spot" colored repeaters from that place. Their railroad tickets were provided by the mayor of Lexington, and were good to return until Wednesday morning. Their board bill was also paid up to that time. More arrests are exected to-night, and United States Commissioner Harper will probably remain to hear cases all night.

CONFLICT OF AUTHORITY.

CINCINNATI, October 14.—Late to night six Unite States deputy marshals were arrested by police and five of them locked up at the Hammond street station, while the sixth was merely held on suspicion. Two of these men were arrested on Front street and the other four on Sixth street. Both places are known as negro resorts, and the marshals claim they were searching for re—. —Revolvers— were found— on all of the party, and they were taken to the station and locked up. Shortly after 1 o'clock United States Marshal Lot Wright appeared at the station and demanded of the officer in charge the release of all the prisoners, the surrender of their weapons and possession of the warrants which had been taken away from the deputies when arrested. All this was refused.

United States Marshal Lot Wright and Secret Service Officer Roth, armed with a warrant from the United States court, proceeded in company with four deputy United States marshals to the Hammond street police station at half past one this morning. The United States marshals arriving at Hammond street police station found that the arrested deputies had been let out of the cells and released; that three policemen for whom they had warrants were concealed. The marshals are now seeking the three policemen to serve the warrants.

St. John in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, October 13.—A mass meeting of friends of prohibition was held in Monument square, and on the stand were a number of ladies. Ex Governor St. John, candidate of the party for president, was warmly welcomed. He spoke of his passage through Baltimore twenty two years ago as a member of a company of Illinois infantry and the kind reception he then met, and was happy to see the sectional hatred of that time had passed away. Speaking of the platforms of the republican and democratic parties he said there was no issue between them, and if abuse of each other was removed it would be difficult to tell one from the other. Prohibitionists had come before the country with a protection plank in their platform and it was something else than wool. He had always been a republican in politics up to the 4th of last June, when the republican national convention turned a deaf ear to appeals to help the people. It refused to protect the boys of the country and he supposed they would afford them no protection unless they were made of pig iron. When the intelligence came from the west that cows were affected by disease the business of congress was suspended and a committee sent out in a palace car to look after the cows, but that body would do nothing to protect the mothers and children of the country. Daniels, candidate for vice president, followed, and later both spoke to a great crowd in Carrollton hall.

Favoring Prohibition.

POUGHKEEPSIE, October 13.—At to-day's session of the eastern synod of the Reformed church of the United States the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That this synod favors prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating drinks as a beverage by constitutional amendment.

Cleveland's Trip

ALBANY, October 13.—Governor Cleveland was busy to day clearing up work preparatory to his trip to New York and Brooklyn on Wednesday. He will probably be accompanied by only his private secretary, Daniel L. Lamont, leaving on the regular train which arrives in New York at 10 30 a. m.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Money easy 1 to 2; closing 1 to 1½; prime paper 5 to 6, sterling exchange steady 4.81½, demand 4 84¼, governments firm; railways firm; state securities quiet. The share market after an irregular opening became firm and advanced ¼ to ¾ per cent, followed by a decline of ¼ to 1⅜, Reading, Lackawanna, Northwestern and Lake Shore being the weakest shares. No special reason was given for the sharp decline. Room traders were most conspicuous sellers. After midday there was a complete change for the better and the market gradually advanced to the close. The improvement in prices ranged from ¼ to 2½, with the best figures generally current in final transactions. Union Pacific, Lackawanna, Northwestern and St. Paul led the upward movement. Offering of stock was light and bears found very little opportunity of covering their short lines. Compared with Saturday's closing prices are ¼ to 1⅜ per cent higher, except for Louisville & Nasoville and Reading, which are ¼ to ⅜ per cent lower. Sales, 206,000 shares.

39	100	43	103½
Adams Express	140	American Express	93
U S & Q	121½	Erie	14
D. & R. G	10	Preferred	25
Central Pacific	41	N. Y. C.	91¾
Missouri Pacific	93¾	Union Pacific	66¾
Northwestern	99¾	Wells Fargo	128
Preferred	128½	Ontario	20
Texas Pacific	11¾	Iron Silver	110
U S Express	52	Quicksilver	8
W. U Telegraph	64½	Preferred	39¾
Northern Pacific	19	Homestake	9¾
Preferred	48¾	Sutro	17

Railroad Difficulty.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—When counsel for the B. & O. railroad company made application in the United States circuit court on Saturday for preliminary injunction to restrain the Pennsylvania railroad company from abrogating or violating the existing contract for carry passengers, express and baggage cars over the New York, division of the [illegible] granted the B. & O. a restraining order which was intended to hold good until the matter came up for argument Friday. Afterwards General Manager Charles E. Pugh made affidavit that the new schedule for running trains connecting with Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore had been completed and distributed to take effect at midnight Sunday, and that it was impossible to recall the instructions given under the new schedule without endangering lives. The court therefore suspended the order until this morning, when it was thought argument would be heard. The matter, however, went over until to morrow morning, and the restraining order was further suspended until that time.

Base Ball.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—Cincinnati Unions 15, Boston Unions 11.

ST. LOUIS, October 13.—St. Louis Unions 14, St. Paul Unions 1, 7 innings.

DETROIT, October 13.—Detroit 3, New Yorks 4.

BUFFALO, October 13.—Game called in the 11th, darkness; Buffalo 2, Boston 2.

Fast Freight

ST. LOUIS, October 13. The St. Louis & San Francisco, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and Atlantic & Pacific railway companies have arranged to run a fast freight train from St. Louis, Chicago and Kansas City to San Francisco. The time will be reduced to six and a half days from Kansas City, seven and a half from St. Louis and eight days from Chicago.

Found Murdered

KANSAS CITY, October 13. John Lowry and wife, cattle feeders for C. S. Hudson, were found murdered on a farm near Marshall this evening. Lowry was found at the barn with a bullet hole in the head, and his wife near the house, the skull having been crushed with an axe. The crime is mysterious, though it is suspected it was committed by a party of tramps seen in the vicinity.

A Marshal Vindicated

WHEELING, W. Va., October 13.—The committee of the house of representatives, of which William M. Springer is chairman, after careful investigation of charges against United States Marshal Atkinson of West Virginia, report to the attorney general that none of the charges have been sustained. The vindication of the marshal is complete.

Railroad Collision

CAMDEN, N. J., October 13.—A collision occurred here between two Pennsylvania trains this morning. Joseph Carman, engineer of one of the trains, was killed and the fireman of the other train fatally injured.

GENERAL MATTERS.

Another Attempt Made to Wreck a Santa Fe Train.

The French Meet with Defeat at the Hands of Chinese.

McCaffrey Worsts Mitchell in a Glove Contest.

Train Wreckers' Work.

TOPEKA, Kas., October 13.—A second attempt to wreck a Santa Fe express train was made a short distance east of Florence Sunday evening. The section men of that division went to Florence during the day and returned on a hand car to their home. At about 9.30 p. m. they discovered a tie across the track fastened down, and succeeded in removing it before the arrival of the eastbound express, due there at about 9 45 o'clock. The section men discovered four men retreating from under a bridge near by after the train had passed. They were making rapid progress towards the woods where they probably had horses in hiding, upon which to escape. The Sunday night previous an obstruction was placed for the passenger near Emporia and resulted in wrecking a freight train and killing the fireman. It is believed this is the same gang and robbery their object. There is a reward of $5,500 offered for the arrest of the perpetrators of the deed of a week ago.

French Defeat.

LONDON, October 13.—The correspondent of the Times telegraphs that news of the defeat of Admiral Lespes and the French fleet at Tamsui is confirmed. The Chinese, by hiding in the brushwood, suffered some six hundred of the French force to land and come within easy range of their guns before they appeared. The Chinese general Tsee led the attack on the rear of the French and the troops became panic stricken. The Chinese killed seventy men and captured one gun. They also beheaded twenty-two of the French, but desisted from that horrible work upon protest of the British consul. The Chinese loss was 200 killed and wounded. The fighting lasted five hours, at the end of which time the French retired to their ships.

Ill-Gotten Gains.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Artemus H. Holmes, lawyer, brought suit against ex Senator Jerome B. Chaffee and David H. Moffatt, alleging that he had invested $14,000 for 650 shares of stock of the Little Pittsburg Mining company in 1879 on representation of defendants that there was ore in the mine to the value of $50,000,000, which would pay dividends of $100,000 per month for three years, and that these statements were false. Defendants did not appear, and the judge directed the jury to give a verdict for $15,000.

McCaffrey vs Mitchell.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Over 6,000 people assembled in Madison Square garden to-night to witness a glove contest between Charles Mitchell of England, and Dominick McCaffrey of Pittsburg. At 10 08 McCaffrey entered the ring in the garden and quickly followed by Mitchell. Both men looked in prime condition. Each scaled 165 pounds. Mitchell is 23 years old and stands 5 feet 8¾ inches high. McCaffrey is 21 years old and 5 feet 9¼ inches. Mitchell was attended by Billy Madden and Alfred Luntz; McCaffrey by Billy Edwards and Tom Campbell. J. B. McCormick of the Cincinnati Enquirer was referee. The fight was under Marquis of Queensbury rules. The men were quickly called to the scratch.

Round 1.—Mitchell was confident, McCaffery smiling, both cautious. McCaffrey finally let fly his right, catching Mitchell on the breast but a little short for the effect desired. Mitchell became cautious and then delivered a vicious left hander on the body following with an effort at fighting which ended in a clinch, when McCaffrey got in a swinging right hander and the round ended in McCaffrey's favor amid great cheering.

Round 2, Mitchell opened the round with several terrible body blows, seemingly determined to force the fighting. There was some short sharp fighting. When time was called McCaffrey seemed to have had the best of it.

In round 3, both men were considerably blown. First blood for McCaffrey was claimed and allowed. McCaffrey now seemed to have things his own way. Mitchell began to get angry and endeavored again to bear McCaffrey to the ropes despite repeated warnings of the referee, who had finally to step into the ring and lead the men to their corners. The excitement was now intense. The crowd shouted and yelled like madmen, McCaffrey plainly being the favorite. The garden was a bedlam when time was called.

During round four Police Captain Williams stepped on the stage and putting his club between the men ordered the fight stopped. The referee called time at this juncture and a wild scene succeeded. When McCormick could make himself heard he announced his decision that McCaffrey had won the match and all the gate money. This made the crowd crazy again, and they cheered McCaffrey and the referee loudly.

Disgraceful Politics.

LONDON, October 13.—A conservative demonstration announced for Birmingham to day involving meetings in the Astor grounds, town hall and in a skating rink was prevented by an organized force of their opponents. Liberals in great numbers forced an entrance to the town hall by battering in the doors with heavy planks and overwhelmed the conservatives. A free fight took place in which the furniture was broken and freely used for weapons by the mob. The officers of the meeting and speakers, Sir Stafford Northcote and Lord Randolph Churchill, endeavored to address the people present but their efforts were ineffectual and they were obliged to retire to a side room where they made short addresses to the small party, the mob endeavoring to prevent the speakers being heard. In the speeches in the side room the speakers denounced and condemned the action of Ulsterals, [which], Churchill said, would cast a lasting stigma upon the liberal party of Birmingham, and that in no other place in England would there ever be such interruption of eminent statesmen.

Charities and Corrections

ST LOUIS, October 13.—The eleventh national conference of charities and corrections began its session here to-night at Memorial hall with 200 to 300 delegates present, representing nineteen states, two territories and District of Columbia. Prayer was offered by Rev. G. D Gillespie of Michigan. Rev. Dr W. G. Elliot, chancellor of Washington university, this city, bade the conference welcome in a brief speech. General Thomas L Crittenden welcomed the delegates in behalf of the state. Mayor Ewing welcomed them in behalf of the city. Hon. P. C. Garrett of Philadelphia replied to the governor and mayor—on behalf of the delegates. Resolutions were adopted extending greeting to the American Public Health association and inviting that body to attend their meetings.—A committee—on—business and permanent organization was then appointed. Adjourned.

Supreme Court in Session

WASHINGTON, October 13.—The supreme court of the United States re-assembled at noon to day with a full bench and large attendance of the bar. A few attorneys were admitted to practice, but no other business was transacted.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES

The education agitation in Germany is increasing.

G. H. Craig & Co., of New York, wholesale dealers in jewelry, have failed.

A fire at Liberty, Virginia, burned twenty-one business houses. Loss, $150,000.

M. Ferry, the French premier, says England must give France satisfaction in Egypt.

The steamship Elder from Europe brought $599,000 in gold to the Bank of British North America.

President Woolsey has resigned from the Yale college corporation on account of his advanced age.

General Wolseley complains bitterly of the quality of his equipments and the failure of his commissariat.

H. L. Phillips takes the head of the Kansas prohibition ticket in place of A. B. Jetmore, who declined to run.

The issue of silver dollars for the week ended October 11 was 555,997, corresponding period last year 439,999.

The conservatives have decided to reject the re-distribution scheme and to oppose Mr. Gladstone's franchise bill.

A despatch from Petersburg, Va., reports fire there last night involving a loss of $150,000, but no particulars received.

Republicans of the Eighth Missouri district, St. Louis, nominated Wm. M. Eccles for congress in place of Henry Pine, withdrawn.

H. Zimmerman & Bros., Chicago, cloak manufacturers, assigned yesterday. Estimated liabilities are $50,000; assets not given.

Many of the coal mines in the Hocking valley region of Ohio have been fired by incendiaries. No disturbance has occured among the striking miners.

The Erie Herald, owned by Hon. William L. Scott, democratic candidate for congress, now issues a morning edition. It has heretofore been an afternoon paper.

A call was issued at Marshalltown yesterday for a greenback convention in opposition to the fusion of greenbackers and democrats convention, to be held there on the 17th instant.

The schooner Lizzie Grant is missing on Lake Michigan, and it is thought that she capsized off Milwaukee in Tuesday's gale, and that her crew of four persons were drowned.

General Sickles, Colorado commissioner of the world's fair, makes an appeal to the people of the state for aid in transporting the exhibit which he has collected to New Orleans.

The Standard Nut company of Pittsburg closed down yesterday because its employes refused to accept 20 per cent reduction in wages. The works are controlled by Oliver Bros. & Phillips.

A Turkish mail caravan from Bagdad was attacked by brigands near Ismid yesterday. Three of the escort were killed and $300,000 government bullion stolen. The sultan sent troops in pursuit.

The khedive has notified Nubar Pasha that the government will reimburse the ministry should the tribunals sanction the seizure of their property on account of the suspension of the sinking fund.

S. S. Davis, of Cincinnati, private banker, has assigned. Liabilities are estimated at $60,000, assets $50,000. Among the liabilities are a number of trust funds and funds of a benevolent and secret society.

A reading club composed of students of the university at Cracow has been dissolved by the authorities because of suspicion that its members were engaged in socialistic intrigues. The secretary of the club was arrested.

Several physicians at Columbus, Ohio, have examined the brain of Charles W. Butler, who was executed at Columbia City, Ind., for wife murder. They think they have found evidence to sustain the theory of insanity.

Charles Anderson the long distance rider has a match to ride 100 miles against three cowboys for $1,000, horses to be changed every mile, the race to take place at the Chicago ball grounds next Saturday. "Parson" Davies backs Anderson.

Burdette & Pond, commission merchants of New York, have assigned. Liabilities $305,000, nominal assets $288,000; actual assets $153,000. Including individual statements total liabilities are $617,000, nominal assets $704,000, actual assets $303,000.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad last night George Seely was re-elected president. The board refused to accept Seely's resignation, which was tendered on account of increased private responsibility resulting from the death of his brother.

CATTLE VS. SHEEP.

Gov. Sheldon's Report on the Progress of New Mexico.

Irrepressible Conflict Between Cattle and Sheep Men.

Threatening Entire Destruction of the Sheep Business.

Affairs in New Mexico

WASHINGTON, October 13.—In his report to the secretary of the interior upon the condition of affairs in New Mexico the past year Governor Sheldon says, "The territory has prospered materially in all its industries. Stock raising has received a greater impetus than any other interest, the number of cattle and sheep being estimated at two million head." The report states that there is an irrepressible conflict waged between cattle and sheep ranchers which may result in the near future in the destruction of the sheep raising business. The trouble is attributed to the destruction of pastures by the sheep, and there is no authority resting in the territorial government to stop the conflict. The remedy suggested is the passage of a law defining the boundaries of ranches and the erection of fences. The taxable property in the territory has increased in value during the year four million dollars. It is asserted that unless a law is passed allowing individuals to acquire large amounts of land it cannot be expected that the stock raising industry will be developed to the highest attainable point. Seven-eighths of the public land in New Mexico, says Governor Sheldon, will in all probability never become the property of the citizens, as it is difficult to comply with the requirements of the present land laws on account of the absence of water. The failure to settle the status of the Spanish and Mexican grants had retarded the progress of the territory. The production of gold and silver reached a point sufficient in the opinion of Governor Sheldon to justify the establishment of a United States mint in the territory.

Careless Bankers.

TRENTON, N. J., October 13.—The United States grand jury has just made a presentment against the New Brunswick National bank of New Jersey. The presentment states that the jury made full investigation, in which it was discovered that the loss of more than the whole surplus of the bank was caused before last June by fraud of the cashier, with the possible connivance of the president, but no other officials participated. The presentment states however that the statement to the comptroller of the currency in June after the frauds were committed was false and intended to conceal frauds, and the directors who attested its correctness did so without examination.

The Country of Revolutions.

PANAMA, October 13.—Guatemala has been invaded by a small party consisting chiefly of political refugees, who crossed the Mexican frontier and advanced a short distance into the country. The attempt was frustrated. Peace now reigns.

The legislative assembly of Panama met Friday, the 3d inst. Dr. Cerveros, the president of the state, presented his resignation. Although a revolution is going on people in the city don't seem to trouble themselves about it. At Farfan, three miles from here, three hundred men are assembled in arms under command of Russe, late pretender to the presidency. As yet they have not molested any one.

The Public Health

ST LOUIS, October 13. The conference of state boards of health, which meets here in conjunction with the American Public Health association, held their first meeting this evening, Hon. Erastus Brooks of New York, president, in the chair. After a brief address by the chairman, Dr. Hewitt, of Minnesota, submitted several recommendations for more complete organization of this association, which were referred to a committee. Adjourned till to morrow afternoon.

Hopes for Stewart.

LONDON, October 13.—The government through Colonel Kitchener has received news from Debbeh, which if correct proves that Colonel Stewart is alive. A messenger who returned to Colonel Kitchener at Wady Halfa Friday says the steamer that ran on the rocks at Wady Garula, the crew of which were massacred by Arabs, was commanded by M. Nicholai, the Greek consul. It is believed if Colonel Stewart had been on board the steamer he would have been in command.

Granville Accepts

LONDON, October 13.—Earl Granville, British minister of foreign affairs, has forwarded Bismarck his acceptance of an invitation to attend on behalf of England a conference at Berlin upon Congo affairs, provided the business of the conference be confined to questions concerning commerce on the Congo, and shall not include French disputes relative to territory in the west of Africa. The conference meets at Berlin November 6.

Through an Elevator

CINCINNATI, October 13.—William T. Thomas, attendant at the Cincinnati hospital, while drawing a truck containing Chris Thurdheral, a patient, upon the elevator to take him to the amphitheatre for a clinical lecture, fell through the hatchway, pulling the truck after him. Both were killed. The elevator had been taken up without his knowledge.

Bankers Indicted

PITTSBURG, October 13.—The grand jury to day found true bills against President Riddle and Cashier Rieber of the defunct Pennsylvania bank for conspiracy and embezzlement of $1,200,000, and against J. Watson, oil broker, for conspiracy to defraud Pennsylvania bank depositors.

Not Asked to Mediate

WASHINGTON, October 13.—There is good authority for the statement that the government of the United States has not been asked to mediate in France-Chinese affairs by either of the disputants, and therefore it has not conditionally or otherwise refused to do so, as stated in a Paris dispatch to day.

A Fatal Love.

LANCASTER, Pa., October 13.—Lawrence J. Conley of Philadelphia, aged 18 severely shot Minnie Benson, aged 14, then killed himself. The girl will recover. Conley was in love with her, but she did not return his affection. Meeting her on the street to-day he fired the shot which proved fatal to him.

Nihilists Sentenced

ST PETERSBURG, October 13.—The great political trial just finished here was conducted privately. Six officers of the army were sentenced to death. Besides [illegible] Philippoff and another woman named Wallenstein and six others were banished to Siberia.

LAST OF THE ENCAMPMENT.

Pulling up Stakes and Going Home.

The Grand Army encampment is a thing of the past and although it was not the success anticipated all who were here enjoyed their visit hugely. Yesterday morning the usual camp programme was carried out; reveille at 6 30 a. m., breakfast at 7 30, surgeon's call 9.30, guard mounting and dinner at 12 30. Many of the veterans attended church during the morning and others were out driving. In the afternoon religious services were held at the opera house which were largely attended. The following programme was carried out.

Coronation	Greeley Band
Reading—Exodus xv. 15-18	
Prayer	By Post Chaplain A. R. Kelfer
Song	By the Choir
Sermon	By Rev. Myron W. Reid
"America"	By Assembly
Address	Dr. T. R. Palmer
Prayer	By Post Chaplain A. R. Kelfer
Doxology and Benediction.	

Rev. Mr. Reed's sermon was very interesting and appropriate to the occasion and commanded the closest attention of the audience throughout. Dr. Palmer's address was also exceedingly interesting. After the services were concluded the veterans returned to Camp Carr, and formed in line for dress parade. At the same time many began to prepare for the departure home on the evening trains.

OTHER EVENTS OF THE DAY.

It was expected that there would be a good many excursionists here on Sunday from Denver and Pueblo, but they failed to put in an appearance.

A most amusing event on Sunday was the burial of Joe's mule. A grave was dug near the flag staff and a mock funeral ceremony gone through with. Major Dunn, of Pueblo, delivered the sermon.—After the services were over a volley of musketry and three rounds from the cannon were fired.

The work of removing the tents at the camp was begun yesterday morning in earnest. There are a few, however, who still remain in camp, and tents will be left up for them a day or two more.

The Greeley band left for their homes yesterday, playing a final air on their way from the camp to the Denver & New Orleans depot.

General Carr left for Longmont yesterday, but Adjutant General White will remain here with friends a day or two longer.

Sunday night was a very quiet one in camp, as many departed for their homes.

MRS. WOODBURY'S FUNERAL.

Large Attendance of Friends from Colorado Springs.

At half past eight o'clock on Sunday morning a special train left the New Orleans depot conveying the following persons to Mrs. Woodbury's funeral which took place at the residence of Mr. O. M. Cotton, near Little Buttes: E. C. Stubbs and wife, Frank Lambard, C. W. Long, W. H. Roby, Geo. Rowell, E. G. Perkins and wife, Mr. Seamans, Ainsworth Brown, Chas. Noble, L. R. Taylor, David McShane, S. E. Sessions, John Campbell, J. M. Ellison and wife, Len Jackson and wife, Giles Crissey and wife, Aaron Bailey and wife, Miss Ida Jackson, Geo. Hock and wife, Ed. Frost and wife, L. C. Dana and wife, A. S. Welch, J. P. Barnes, Charles Walker, John Courter, A. Capehart, Mr. Seibert, David Spielman, Seth Baker, J. A. Weir and wife, Mr. Calloway and wife, Miss Etta Meyers, J. F. Love, Adam Hill, Mrs. Matt France, Mrs. Dr. Strickler, E. G. Hooke and wife, E. S. Joselyn and wife, A. A. McGovney and wife, E. J. Eaton and wife, W. A. Smith and wife, H. L. Reid, Thomas Sheridan, B. A. P. Eaton and Adam Paster. Upon arriving at Little Buttes conveyances were found in waiting to convey the party to Mr. Cotton's house, which was about three quarters of a mile distant from the track. In consequence of the train being a little late the funeral was postponed from 10 until 11 o'clock. In the meantime friends and neighbors of the family to the number of a hundred or more had gathered from the surrounding country.

The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. H. B. Turner of Fountain, after which the remains were interred in the cemetery, not far from the house. Messrs. E. S. Joslyn, L. C. Dana, Giles Crissey, Wm. Sweetland, H. B. Corbin and David McShane acted as pall bearers. Immediately after the funeral the special train returned with the Colorado Springs people.

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Three Months......50 | One Month.....25

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Rates to be known on application at the office.

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper, unless notice is thus given.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
BENJAMIN H. EATON, of Weld county.
For Lieutenant Governor,
PETER W. BREEN, of Lake.
For Secretary of State,
MELVIN EDWARDS, of Eagle.
For Treasurer of State,
GEORGE R. SWALLOW, of Las Animas.
For Attorney General,
THEODORE H. THOMAS, of Gunnison.
For Auditor of State,
A. H. SPRUANCE, of Clear Creek.
For Superintendent of Instruction,
PROF. L. S. CORNELL, of Pueblo.
For Regents of the University,
H. W. WOODBURY, of Arapahoe, long term.
CLINTON M. TYLER, of Boulder, long term.
PROF. J. C. SHATTUCK, of Weld, short term.
For Congress,
C. G. SYMES, of Arapahoe.
For Presidential Electors,
F. F. OSBISON, of Clear Creek,
BENJAMIN F. CROWELL, of El Paso,
FRANK C. GOUDY, of Ouray.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
C. W. KITTREDGE,
JOHN CURR.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
RUSSELL GAGE.

REPUBLICAN PRECINCT TICKET.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
LINUS E. SHERMAN.
FOR CONSTABLE,
LEVI WELTY.

By the way, one of the "partisan judges" whose statement is sneered at in the Republic is a Campbell man. But he is too honest to endorse the methods of the precinct committee.

The present Ohio congressional delegation stands 14 democrats to 7 republicans. Whatever the result of the election to-day for secretary of state, the republicans are almost sure to gain several members of congress.

The Solid Muldoon says: "Alva Adams is a prohibitionist, eh? Well, the style of prohibition that Alva practices has cost us many a dollar and on one or two occasions a round-up which, while strictly feminine, was overwhelmingly demoralizing—to the defendant."

Speculating upon the result of the Ohio election need not be indulged in much longer. Unless it is so close that an official count will be necessary to decide it, our next issue will give the result of one of the most important and hotly contested elections ever held in this country.

Our esteemed contemporaries are evidently rattled. They decline at every point to meet the issues and only deal in abuse and personalities. Scolding and bluffing will not affect the intelligent voters of this city. The issue are too plain and simple. No amount of argument can change the fact that the convention was stolen from the majority by trickery. Personalities will not take the place of argument.

The Times quotes the primary law which gives to a canvassing committee the right to issue credentials. The election in Arapahoe was held under this primary law. Now the canvassing committee did not issue credentials in some of the wards to the delegates whom the boards of judges declared elected. This was the gist of the Routt side of the case. The state convention decided that the fact this canvassing committee did not issue the credentials did not alter the right of these delegates to sit in the convention. It recognized as the regular convention the Routt convention which had only 37 delegates with credentials from the committee and it required 77 to be a majority of the convention. It is exactly a parallel case. The decision of the judges was the one recognized by the state convention.

The State Republic hoodles its leader yesterday: "The Majority Must Rule," and then went on to say that the precinct committee had the right to subvert the will of the majority as expressed at the late primary election. It further says, "a conspiracy to prevent the majority of the party from exercising its will at a primary is destructive of the foundation of the party as well as of free government." These are our sentiments exactly. A majority of the republican voters of the First, Third and Fourth wards of this city elected, and fairly elected, Hill delegates to the late county convention. The result of that election was set aside by a little band of conspirators, thus endangering the "foundation principles" of the party as well as "free government." The Republic says: "No principle in human affairs is more clearly defined or universally acknowledged than the right of self-preservation." This was the principle upon which this band of conspirators acted. They found, much to their astonishment, that the people had defeated them. They were right in concluding that self-preservation required them to overthrow the act of the people and they did it. We will see how long such an infamous act will preserve them.

To-day Ohio votes for secretary of state and for twenty-one members of congress. The republican candidate for the first office is General James S. Robinson. His democratic opponent is James W. Newman, the present secretary of state, to which office he was elected two years ago by a majority of 20,000. It is generally conceded that Blaine will carry the state next month whatever the result of the election to-day may be. Should Robinson carry the state Blaine's majority will not be less than 20,000 and the effect will be to make both New York and Indiana quite sure for the republicans next month. Should the state go democratic to-day by a considerable majority New York will become a very doubtful state. In 1876 the republicans had a plurality for secretary of state in October of 6,636, and a majority over all of 4,773. Hayes carried the state in November of that year by a plurality of 7,516. In 1880 the republicans elected the secretary of state in October by a plurality of 19,000, while Garfield's plurality was 35,000. The Chicago Inter-Ocean, commenting on these figures, says: "This year the conditions are different. The democrats last year carried the state by a plurality of 12,000 and a majority of 1,316. They went into the canvass with the prestige of that victory and they have the machinery of the state in their hands, so under the circumstances a plurality of 2,000 or 1,000 on Tuesday next will be as significant as was the plurality of 19,000 in October, 1880. The Ohio republicans have a hard fight on their hands, but they are well organized, are fully aroused, the campaign has been well directed, and they ought to win."

TO-DAY'S ELECTIONS.

The elections which take place in Ohio and West Virginia to-day are exciting universal interest. The state tickets to be voted upon in Ohio are as follows:

REPUBLICAN STATE CANDIDATES.

Secretary of State—Gen. James S. Robinson, Canton.
Judge of Supreme Court—William W. Johnson, Columbus.
Member Board of Public Works—Charles A. Flickinger, Defiance.

DEMOCRATIC.

Secretary—James W. Newman, Columbus.
Judge—Charles D. Martin, Lancaster.
Board Public Works—John H. Benfer, Canal Dover.

GREENBACK.

Secretary—Peter M. Harold, Carrollton.
Judge—James R. Grogan, Logan.
Board Public Works—William B. Ogden, Cincinnati.

PROHIBITION.

Secretary—Evan J. Morris, Cincinnati.
Judge—John W. Rosborough, Wauseon.
Board Public Works—William J. Kirkendall, Jackson.

The following are the congressional tickets in the different districts:

No. 1—Benjamin Butterworth,‡ rep; John P. Follett, dem; Joan B. Martin, pro.

No. 2—Charles E. Brown, rep; Adam Kramer, dem; Henry T. Ogden, pro.

No. 3—Henry L. Morey,‡ rep; James E. Campbell,‡ dem; Samuel W. Keister, pro.

No. 4—John F. Sinks, rep; Charles M. Anderson, dem; Joseph Legg, pro.

No. 5—William B. Davies, rep; Benjamin Le Fevre,‡ dem.

No. 6—Hiram C. Gleon, rep; William D. Hill,‡ dem; Nathaniel Cleary, pro.

No. 7—Daniel Babst, jr., rep; George D. Seney,‡ dem; Chris. C. Nestlerock, pro.

No. 8—John Little, rep; James W. Denver, dem; Wilson Colvin, pro.

No. 9—William C. Cooper, rep; Edmund P. Pompleton,‡ dem; Lewis Graham, gb; Joseph W. Sharp, pro.

No. 10—Jacob Bomeis, rep; Frank H. Hurd,‡ dem; William Rawle, pro.

No. 11—Alphonso Hart,‡ rep; Wm. W. Kilsberry, dem.

No. 12—Albert C. Thompson, rep; Leo Elbert, dem; Robert Dodge, gb; John Colins pro.

No. 13—Alleo Miller, rep; Jos. H Outhwaite, dem; S. B. Williams, gb; William A. Dobbins, pro.

No. 14—Chas. H. Grosvenor, rep; John L. Vance,‡ dem; Christopher Evans, gb; Thomas E. Eden, pro.

No. 15—Elijah Little, rep; Beriah Wilkins,‡ dem; John T. Shyrock, gb.

No. 16—Henry C. Hedges, rep; George W. Geddes,‡ dem; Rev. John Steel, pro.

No. 17—Joseph D. Taylor,‡ rep; Abraham J. Warner, dem.

No. 18—Isaac R. Taylor, rep; Jonathan H. Wallace,‡ dem; Charles Jenkins, gb.

No. 19—Ezra B. Taylor,‡ rep; Horace Alford, dem; Jay Odell, pro.

No. 20—Wm. McKinley, jr.,‡ rep; [illegible] dem; Harlo P. Smith, gb; Thomas Rhoades, pro.

No. 21—Charles C. Burnett, rep; Martin A. Foran,‡ dem; Abraham Townsend, pro.

†Renominated. ‡Ex-member.

The state is at present represented by 14 democrats and 7 republicans. The districts are changed so that no accurate comparison can be made with the vote for congressmen of 1882. In 1880 at the October election the secretary of state on the republican ticket had a majority of 25,450. The election returns will be compared with the vote for governor in 1883 when Hoadly, democrat, had a plurality of 12,539.

WEST VIRGINIA.

In West Virginia there are only two tickets. The republicans and greenbackers have presented one ticket and the democrats another. Edwin Maxwell is the republican candidate for governor and E. Willis Wilson the democratic candidate. In 1882 the last state election the vote was 83,440 republican and 46,-961 democratic. In this year the republicans and greenbackers combined and were defeated by only 3,221 votes. In 1880 the vote was democratic 67,991, republican 46,243 and greenbackers 9,079. The state is now represented in congress by one republican and three democrats. The nominations in the four districts are as follows:

No. 1—Nathan Goff, jr., rep; John Brennan, dem.
No. 2—F. M. Reynolds, rep; W. L. Watson, dem.
No. 3—James W. Davis, rep; Charles P. Snyder, dem.
No. 4—A. R. Barbee, rep; Eustice Gibson, dem.

In 1882 the republicans had a plurality of 1610 in the First district, and the democrats had a plurality of 40 in the Second district, of 4305 in the Third district, and of 1288 in the Fourth district.

SOUTHERN DEVELOPMENT.

The republican national committee has issued the following circular for distribution in the south. It presents a powerful appeal for support, showing the southern people that the development and prosperity of their section depends largely on the success of the republican party.

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE,
October 1st, 1884.

The republican national committee to day opens headquarters at Nashville, the central city of the south, and appeals at once, with earnest good faith and in the spirit of American fraternity, to the intelligence, enterprise, honorable ambitions and American instincts and aspirations of the southern people.

This step has not been taken without deliberation, nor until the republican campaign in the north and west has become so clearly a predestined success—without counting on a single electoral vote from any part of the south—that this especial effort will be seen to have been due to other motives than those of political necessity.

The broad and generous national views of Mr. Blaine have inspired the members of the republican national committee to make a frank appeal to southern men of whatever past politics—that may result in giving to his administration the sympathy and co-operation of all the citizens of all sections, who recognize the supremacy of the great and living economic questions that rise above all old issues and demand settlement in the spirit of Mr. Blaine's letter of acceptance.

His language is pregnant with meaning, filled with the spirit that made Lincoln and Garfield dear to southern men, and prophetic of the mighty resurrection of southern interests, that is coming under the liberal and quickening policy of which the only successor to Henry Clay's popularity and power has been the chief champion.

Mr. Blaine's comprehensive declarations are these:

I recognize, not without regret, the necessity for speaking of two sections of our common country. But the regret diminishes when I see that the elements which separated them are fast disappearing. Prejudices have yielded and are yielding, while a growing cordiality warms the southern and the northern heart alike. Can any one doubt that between the sections confidence and esteem are to-day more marked than at any period in the sixty years preceding the election of President Lincoln?

This is the result in part of time and in part of republican principles applied under the favorable conditions of uniformity. It would be a great calamity to change those influences under which southern commonwealths are learning to vindicate civil rights, and adapting themselves to the conditions of political tranquility and industrial progress. If there be occasional and violent outbreaks in the south against this peaceful progress, the public opinion of the country regards them as exceptional, and hopefully trusts that each will prove the last.

The south needs capital and occupation, not controversy. As much as any part of the north, the south needs the full protection of the revenue laws which the republican party offers. Some of the southern states have already entered upon a career of industrial development and prosperity. These, at least, should not lend their electoral votes to destroy their own future.

Any effort to unite the southern states upon issues that grow out of the memories of the war will summon the northern states to combine in the assertion of that nationality which was their inspiration in the civil struggle. And thus great energies which should be united in a common industrial development will be wasted in hurtful strife. The democratic party shows itself a foe to southern prosperity by always invoking and urging southern political consolidation. Such a policy quenches the rising instinct of patriotism in the heart of the southern youth; it revives and stimulates prejudice; it substitutes the spirit of barbaric vengeance for the love of peace, progress and harmony.

These expressions are interpreted and emphasized by Mr. Blaine's public acts and declarations. They convey the spirit, wishes and purposes of the party whose leader he has been, as much as Mr. Clay was the leader of the Whig party. The hopes, enthusiasms and controlling spirit of Mr. Blaine's followers are pledges that these words of his will be fulfilled generously, in an administration that will make "the new south" the inviting field for the measureless unemployed energies, enterprise and capital of the north and west, and the arena of a material development unprecedented even in American annals.

Where, more fittingly than in Nashville—the home of Andrew Jackson and John Bell—or with grander inspirations from the noblest and happiest traditions and memories of the old south, could republicans appeal to those who have felt the tragedies and disasters that came from the defeat of the ideas and policies of Jackson and Clay, by the ideas and policies of Calhoun.

Jackson's heroic resistance to South Carolina's nullification of Mr. Clay's tariff and Clay's gallant struggle for the protection of American industries and labor were not lost elements of southern greatness and prosperity, if the progressive southern men of to-day will take up under the leadership of Clay's successor and with the tremendous advantage of twenty three years of republican protection vindicating the beneficence of Clay's statesmanship—the American policies for which Jackson and Clay fought, and were ready to die, if need came.

The vindication of those policies in the south, in a manner and to an extent that will command the interest and the admiration of the whole civilized world, is already assured by the world's exposition at New Orleans, which is assuming such proportions of preparation. The enterprise, liberality, progressive genius, and enthusiasm that have been organizing this magnificent effort to concentrate the results of comparatively few years of diversified industries, under the benign and quickening stimulus of "the American system" of protection—have been preparing for a revelation of the south to the rest of the union and to the world, that will make the old issues and politics as ancient and obsolete as the "England of the wars of the roses" is to the England of to-day. The best brains and bravest hearts of the south are already prophetically rejoicing in the success and in the results of this splendid demonstration of the revitalized energies and conquering enterprises of the south that is to be to the rest of the union for the next generation what the northwest has been to the generation that, with gloomy and reluctant hearts turned from the glad-defying triumphs of peace to a struggle as tragic as it was essential and inevitable.

Before the exposition is opened, all Americans who have thought upon the present and former conditions of the labor, capital, production and trade of our country will have seen that we have come to the verge of new and perilous necessities, arising out of the very magnitude of our material development in certain quarters and directions. We are face to face with far graver and greater economic problems than we had to confront in 1861. In the north development has been hastened by the operations of the tariff, of the homestead law, and of the land grant laws, to a degree that threatens very peculiar results, unless the south in turn shall invite capital, provide new markets, and absorb hundreds of millions of dollars in those improvements that have made such states as Illinois and Wisconsin rich in the full equipment of highly civilized societies.

From the east and from the middle states the flow of capital, enterprise, and labor to the west has been the world's wonder. In the west have been invested four-fifths of the spare capital of the middle and eastern states. Only one-fifth of this capital has reached and blessed the south and the Pacific slope. The Pacific states are now as much competitors with the northwest in supplying the world with wheat as India, and the northwest will have to look to a manufacturing south for a market, or encounter economic dangers undreamed of before.

The northwest's danger is the south's opportunity.

Fortunately the progressive political economists of the south have, of late years, been consigning to oblivion the old politics based on the ownership of labor and the baleful despotism of King Cotton, and have accomplished, under a republican tariff, achievements that assure the speedy coming of a new era. A few facts will be more eloquent than the most elaborate rhetoric.

In Alabama there are 23 cotton mills; in Georgia there are 62; in North Carolina there are 92; in South Carolina there are 31; in Tennessee there are are 33; in Virginia there are 14; in Maryland there are 24; in Louisiana there are 7; in Mississippi there are 11; in Texas there are 6; in Kentucky there are 5; in Arkansas there are 4, and in Florida there are 2.

In 1880 there were made in the south 350,-592 plows one-quarter of the entire production of the union. In 1883 this branch of production had doubled, Georgia alone making 250,000 plows.

In the new south there are 900,000 spindles and 8,000 miles of rails have been laid in three years. The assessable values of the south have increased $940,000,000 in four years. During the first two months of 1884 $25,000,000 were invested in the erection or extension of southern factories, and down to the 1st of last July $70,000,000 had been expended. In ten years the increase of the southern wool product, under protection has been 43 per cent. In ten years, unprotected, it was only 3 per cent. Kentucky has put $7,000,000 into new enterprises since this year began; Alabama has put in $5,000,000; Virginia $5,000,000; Texas $7,000,000; Georgia $9,000,000, and so on.

From 1870 to 1880 the coal mined in Georgia rose from nothing to 154,000 tons. It was 11,000 tons in Alabama in 1879, and 322,000 tons in 1880. In Alabama, Georgia, Arkansas, Kentucky, Tennessee and West Virginia, the output of coal rose from 90 0,-000 tons in 1870 to 3,700,000 tons in 1880. In Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia, only 40,000 tons of iron ore were mined in 1870. In 1880 there were 575,-000 tons mined.

These facts are but a few out of a vast multitude that could be presented, all eloquent as to the fostering influence of the "American system" which Clay spoke into benignant vigor and Blaine would expand into the noblest proportions.

It is this sort of new growth that has given success to the bold project of a world's fair at New Orleans, of which a prominent journal of that city significantly says, "it will point the way for us to independence through the diversification of our efforts and through those arts of frugality and patient perseverance which have made other agricultural countries rich," and so doing, "the exposition will have done the noblest and most important work of this century. It will sponge out the errors, the blunders and the superstitions which have so long held us in their cruel grip, and bestow instead the splendid recompense of emancipation."

It is to carry out the spirit of the language just quoted that the republican party has come to the south at this time and frankly appeals to southern men for a hearing. The republican party is national in its doctrines and purposes. Its tariff has already helped the south to the industrial beginnings that are so rich and full of promise. In the fullness of time the period has now come when the south is the one section most sure to become the foremost field for enterprise and investment, if republican economic politics are continued. It will be the crowning glory and triumph of the republican party, if, through its continued dominance, all the wastes of the war waged to make labor free and armed with the suffrage shall be repaired by the free and intelligent labor of the south, protected against the pauper labor of Europe and aided by the surplus and otherwise idle capital of the north. In this peaceful, fraternal and beneficent co-operation of all sections, all the old issues will die out, old sectional prejudices will fade into oblivion, the horrors of war and the throes of reconstruction will become as distant memories and the common prosperity of all parts of our ocean-bound republic will afford common causes of gratitude, pride, patriotism and brotherly concord.

But it would be neither honest nor respectful to the intelligence of southern men, to fail to state, in this connection, that the establishment of genuine and lasting concord must be on the solid foundations of the security of the suffrage from menace, fraud and violence. It is with the earnest desire that all sectional differences and prejudices should disappear forever, that the republican national committee urges the necessity, for all interests, of the disappearance of those obstacles to a full and fair vote and honest count that have deprived a large existing republican majority in three states of its rightful power and weight. No legitimate interest, of whatever section, can long profit by such a violation of the fundamental law of our republican institutions. In fact, the record of congress, since the war, proves overwhelmingly that in all cases where the southern industrial and agricultural interests have been endangered by democratic free trade measures, the republicans have been the only efficient defenders of these interests. The latest illustration of the growing recognition of this fact has been afforded by the action of the democratic convention in the second congressional district of Louisiana, which retired an able democratic congressman, five times chosen, and nominated a democrat on a republican tariff platform. What has been so clearly recognized in this district cannot be ignored by progressive southern men anywhere.

We invite the south to look forward to the attainable progress of material prosperity, national unity and American development. We have nothing to conceal. Our arguments are the facts of accomplished southern progress under republican policies. The record of the republican party and of its leaders is before the world and no intelligent southern man can fail to see that this record is as much a pledge of fidelity to the largest and truest interests of the south as the free trade and peace-at-any-price record of the democracy is a dismal confession of failure to recognize the real needs of a south without a slave. The republican party, under the leadership and presidency of Mr. Blaine, is certain to make the south's most attractive region for the capital of the country; to make the Mexicans and other peoples to the south of us, under Mr. Blaine's peaceful South American policy, our friends and customers; to improve the Mississippi, as Mr. Blaine has often urged, by works worthy of the nation and of the magnitude of this inland sea; to make capital and labor secure in the south, by protecting the suffrage, and to eliminate from the future of the south its direst peril, that of illiteracy.

All the republican policies are urged as much in the interest of the south as in that of any other section of the country. They are urged by the only party that has shown the courage of its convictions, the capacity for government and the equality to great crises in the affairs and destiny of the country.

Will the south continue to offer to northern reactionists, theorists and incapables the hope of gaining, through her solid vote, the power to make Americans the subjects of England under free trade, or will the south that is soon to show her power and glory and promise in a great world's fair, make its teachings her politics?

SAMUEL FESSENDEN, Secretary. B. F. JONES, Chairman.

F. C. ROWE,

Real Estate.

$10,000 TO LOAN

In Sums from $500 Up.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Houses.

House of 6 rooms N Nevada ave	$30.00
House of 9 rooms N Nevada ave	40.00
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House of 7 rooms, Pike's Peak ave; very desirable	$45.00
House of 5 rooms, Kiowa st	25.00
House of 5 rooms, Tejon st	40.00
House of 6 rooms, N Tejon st	45.00
House of 3 rooms, Kiowa st	15.00
House of 4 rooms, Cucharas st	15.00

Unfurnished Houses.

House of 3 rooms, Tejon st	$ 7.00
House of 4 rooms, Vermijo ave	6.00
House of 5 rooms, St. Vrain st	13.00
House of 4 rooms, central	6.00
House of 7 rooms, N Nevada ave	25.00
House of 5 rooms on garden tract	10.00
House of 5 rooms, Tejon st	18.00
House of 5 rooms, Cascade ave	11.00
House of 5 rooms, Cheharas st	10.00
House of 5 rooms, Cucharas st	11.00
House of 4 rooms, St. Vrain st	14.00
House of 4 rooms, N Nevada ave	9.00
House of 6 rooms, Weber st	25.00
House of 5 rooms, Nevada ave	13.00

STORES.

Southeast corner of Tejon and Huerfano sts.
Desirable store, North Tejon st.

FOR SALE.

6239 BUSINESS—A rare opportunity to secure a well established and paying business in this city

6238 PIKE'S PEAK AVE 50x190 feet, with story and a half house of 7 rooms; house newly painted inside and out and in nice order $1,600

6241 DENVER—Five vacant lots on Capitol Hill 3,000

6243 HUERFANO ST—House of 3 rooms 900

6235 STOCK RANCHES—Several desirable ranches in New Mexico, controlling immense ranges.

6244 Also one ranch for sale, including 700 head cattle, 3,000 high grade Merino ewes and 1,000 spring lambs

6140 RESIDENCE—One of the finest residences in the northern portion of the city; a bargain

5570 PIKE'S PEAK AVE Corner residence—choice

5561 N WEBER ST—New two-story house with modern conveniences, very desirably situated; will sell at a bargain, as owner is about leaving the city

5196 N NEVADA AVE House of 8 rooms, closets, gas in every room; beautiful lawn, plum and apple trees in bearing, small fruits in abundance 5,500

A FEW SPECIAL BARGAINS in both improved and unimproved property.

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call.

Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. C. ROWE,
No. 17, North Tejon St., Opp. Opera House.

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THE BUSINESS MAN

When he travels wants to go quick, wants to be comfortable, wants to arrive at destination on time, in fact, wants a strictly business trip, and consequently takes the popular Wabash Route, feeling that he is sure to meet his engagements and continue to prosper and be happy.

THE TOURIST

Has long since chosen the Wabash as the favorite route to all the summer resorts of the East, North and West, and winter resorts of the South, as the Company has for years provided better accommodations and more attractions than any of its competitors for this class of travel. Tourist Tickets can be had at reduced rates at all principal offices of the Company.

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In search of a new home, where he can secure better returns for his labor, should remember that the Wabash is the most direct route to Arkansas, Texas, Kansas, Nebraska, and all points South, West and Northwest, and that round-trip "land-explorers" tickets at very low rates are always on sale at the ticket offices. Descriptive advertising matter of Arkansas and Texas sent free to all applicants by addressing the General Passenger Agent.

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Will find the Wabash the most convenient route to all the noted health resorts of Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas and Texas, and that the extensive through car system and superior accommodations of this popular line will add greatly to his comfort while en route. Pamphlet descriptive of the many celebrated mineral springs of the West and South sent free on application.

THE CAPITALIST

Can get the information necessary to secure safe and profitable investments in agriculture, stock-raising, mining, lumbering, or any of the many inviting fields throughout the South and West, by addressing the undersigned

F. CHANDLER,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

ILLINOIS IOWA MISSOURI

C. M. HAMPSON,
Commercial Agent, Denver, Colo.

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On approved Real Estate security in sums to suit borrowers.

We Offer the Following Desirable Properties

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FURNISHED HOUSES.

	Per mo.
700 N Nevada	$40
431 Pike's Peak, 6 rooms	30
215 Pike's Peak, 5 rooms	40
No. 511 Huerfano, 8 rooms	35
No. 319 N Nevada avenue, 10 rooms	70
No. 917 N Nevada, 8 rooms, or part of them	
No. 319 E Platte, 7 rooms	45

UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

	Per mo.
117 South Nevada, 7 rooms	18
204 E Cucharas, 6 rooms	15
218 S Wahsatch, 8 rooms	14
No 515 Huerfano, 6 half, 6 rooms	25
219 S Cascade, 4 rooms	10
214 S Wahsatch, 5 rooms	12
528 Tejon, 4 rooms	8
No. 1128 N Wahsatch, 3 rooms	4
No. 726 S Weber, 2 rooms, stable	5
No. 531 S Nevada, 5 rooms	9
Maxwell house, Cucharas [st. special terms	
No. 830 N Nevada, 5 rooms	18
No. 829 N Cascade, 8 rooms	25
No. 421 S Weber, 2 rooms	6
No. 12 N Nevada, 5 rooms	15
No. 917 N Nevada, 8 rooms or part of them	
No. 313 N Nevada, 10 rooms	60
House on Vermijo, 4 rooms	8
17 W Cimarron, 4 rooms	7
416 Huerfano, 5 rooms	18
No 821 Kiowa, 5 rooms	10
No 311 Kiowa, 8 rooms	15

STORES, OFFICES, ETC.

107 Pike's Peak, 2 office rooms, second floor
114 N Tejon, second floor
25 Huerfano, 2 rooms in second story $7
7 N Tejon, 2 office rooms
Office building, Pike's Peak ave 5

Special Bargains for Sale.

House of 8 rooms in the best repair on corner lot, 50x190, with good stable, large pantry, cellar city water in the house; for cash, $1,800.

Two fifty-foot lots on Cascade avenue, in a choice location. We can offer these at a very low figure for cash.

☞ We have a long list of properties, improved and otherwise, which we should be pleased to show parties desiring to purchase, who will favor us with a call.

OFFICE, NO. 19 N. TEJON STREET.

Opera House Block.

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Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for at our card rates.

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County Surveyor,
U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.
dw1-tf

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Office No. 7 S. Tejon street.

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C. T. ROWE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Colorado Springs, Colo.

OFFICE Over First National Bank. 5-3-1y

JOHN CAMPBELL. J. E. MCINTYRE
CAMPBELL & McINTYRE,
Attorneys-at-Law,
ROOMS 6 and 7, Opera House. s-9-tf

POWELL & PALMER.
DENTISTS.
ROOMS in Prowitt Block, Tejon street, opposite Giddings & Stillman's. 1-17-tf

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Thursdays each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

AINSWORTH BROWN
Opera House Block.
Painters' Materials and Oils
WALL PAPER, GLASS,
Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,
ARTISTS' MATERIALS.
Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining.

Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper,
At the Gazette Office.

Hotel Arrivals

New Crawford House: [illegible] J. J. Phelps, Cañon City; Dr. Webster, Mrs. Webster, Etta Webster, J. P. Ramsey, city; C. L. Tutt, ranch; J. A. Lennon, Denver; M. Boehr, Denver; Fred M. Prescott, Wisconsin; W. H. Denning, Denver; Fred Betts; R. E. Perkins, city; J. R. Brinker, Denver; General B. L. Carr, Longmont; M. A. Leddy; Dr. A. J. McMillan, Manitou.

The Antlers Arrivals — A. R. Bevan, Del Norte; W. J. Shotwell; G. M. Mallery; D. F. Martin; W. B. Cinkead; A. E. McFarland, New York; A. D. Fales, Brookfield, Mass.; J. L. LeConte, Manitou Park; J. H. Durfee, Chicago; I. Pereira; [illegible] R. H. Percival, England; Randolph Hersey, Montreal; Philo Hersey, Belfast, Maine; Owen Hansen, Denver; A. Gordon and wife, New York; I. A. Strauss, San Francisco; A. B. Van Horn, city; Theodore Harris, Denver; B. Greener, Pueblo; C. A. Tansing, ranch; Mrs. J. C. Plumb, Easton; Mrs. R. S. Wright, Dubuque, Iowa; Mrs. W. H. Linley, Franklin, Neb.; W. W. Kasey; A. P. Willoughby and wife, Chicago; C. H. Mallon; W. Hanes; W. W. Beebe, Colorado.

SUNDAY HAPPENINGS

Secretary Teller arrived in Denver from the east.

At Jewell Park O'Leary walked six miles in an hour and three minutes. Smithy Knight won the ten mile go-as-you-please match.

James Boynton, a plasterer residing on the Red river, below Shreveport, Louisiana, shot his overseer dead. The cause is not reported.

A collision on a branch of the Pennsylvania road killed one employe and perhaps fatally injured two others. Forty cars of coke were wrecked and converted into a roaring furnace.

Donald Carter, a highly respected citizen of Longview, Texas, who brooded over the loss of his young and beautiful wife, who died in July last, and finally ended his life by taking morphine.

A stranger at Fort Worth, Tex., named Tyne committed suicide there by taking morphine. He requested that his body be sent to Paint Lick, Ky., but gave no cause for his self murder.

The Pennsylvania company did not enforce their order cutting off the New York trains of the Baltimore & Ohio road. It is thought that they are awaiting a decision in the injunction suits.

Mrs. A. E. Jones, of Waco, Texas, ended her life with morphine. Ill health. She was formerly from Maryland, and has recently visited that state on account of her health, but failed to receive any benefit therefrom.

Age in the Army

From the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

The oldest captain on the active list of the army is Captain Pollock, of the Twenty first infantry; he will be 65 years old during the month. The oldest lieutenant is P. P. Barnard, of the Fifth cavalry, who is 64, being twenty years older than his colonel. The oldest lieutenant of artillery is F. C. Nichols, of the First, who is 61 years of age. The senior major on the active list in point of years is Edward Collins, of the Fifth infantry, who is 60 years. He entered the service in 1846 as a private in the battalion of engineers, and has been in the service ever since that time. Brevet Brigadier General Joseph N. G. Whistler, of the 5th infantry, is the oldest lieutenant colonel in the line of the army; he is 63; and Lieutenant Colonel John Hamilton, of the 5th, who is 61, is the oldest of his grade in the artillery. General H. J. Hunt, the senior colonel of artillery, now retired, will be 65 years of age during this month. General Gilbert, colonel of the 17th infantry, is the oldest colonel of his arm of the service, being 62, and John P. Hatch, of the 2d cavalry, is the senior in years in the cavalry. The youngest major general is Schofield, and the eldest is Pope, who is 62. Hancock is 60, he retires in 1888. Mackenzie is the youngest brigadier general in the army; he is now 43 and retired; Miles, the next, is 45. While promotion is slower in some respects in our army than in any military service in Europe, yet there is neither in England nor "on the continent" an officer of General Mackenzie's age, "outside of royal blood," who has attained his rank. Augier is the oldest brigadier general and is 63. A brigadier general will be appointed next year, a major general and a brigadier in 1880, and likewise in 1888.

The youngest colonel of artillery is Ayres, of cavalry, Merritt, who is 48, and of infantry, Pennypacker, who is 43. The youngest lieutenant colonel on the staff of the army is J. M. Whittemore, of the ordnance, and Morrow, of the Sixth cavalry, is the youngest lieutenant colonel in the line. S. E. Tillman, professor of chemistry, mineralogy and geology at West Point, has the correlative rank of lieutenant colonel; he is 36 years old, the youngest of the grade in the United States army. The youngest major in the army is William H. Smith, of the pay department, who is 30, George R. Smith, of the Twelfth infantry, who graduated from West Point in 1875, is a few months older. Otho W. Budd, who graduated from West Point in 1878, is the youngest captain of cavalry, and F. V. Green and Carl F. Palfrey are the youngest in the corps of engineers. The average of age of captains of artillery is 43, and in cavalry and infantry about 41. In the general staff of the army the youngest general officer is General Benet, chief of ordnance, who is 57, and the senior in date of commission, Adjutant General Drum and Surgeon General Crane are 59 years old, and Paymaster General Rochester and Commissioner General Macfeeley are 58. The oldest retired officer of the army is General W. S. Harney, who was born in the last century, and who entered the service in 1818. He lives at St. Louis, and is accounted the wealthiest man in the army.

Gambling in Paris

London World.

Gambling plays such a role in the modern life of Paris, it has become so much an institution, and almost an honorable career, that nobody seems shocked at the idea of the re-establishment of public gaming tables. Last week there was a persistent report on the boulevards, and elsewhere, too, that public gaming tables were soon to be opened, and very "well informed" people went so far as to name the future director, the amount of the capital and the capitalists. There were to be five gaming places in Paris, more splendid than any palace had ever been. In four of these palaces the minimum was to be five francs, and in the other the minimum one louis. Happily for the [illegible] fermiere of Monaco these rumors, though not entirely without foundation, are inexact. Paris is not to add trente et quarante and roulette to its other seductions. Meanwhile from Montmartre to Montrouge, and from the Porte Maillot to Bercy, there is nothing but card playing and gambling. In the wine shops and cafes are people playing piquet; in the clubs the games are poker, baccarat and chemin de fer. In the houses the future men just as [illegible] to play [illegible] as [illegible]. In [illegible] there [illegible] and all [illegible] thinking of [illegible] "[illegible]," "[illegible]," "[illegible]" [illegible]



Protection. No such protection against chills and fever and other diseases of a malarial type exists as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It relieves constipation, liver disorders, rheumatism, kidney and bladder ailments with certainty and promptitude. A change, as gratifying as it is complete, soon takes place in the appearance, as well as the sensation, of the wan and haggard invalid who uses this standard promoter of health and strength. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. dwh 7 [illegible]

Young Men Read This

The VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

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In this novel Miss Jewett uses on a larger scene and with increased effect the qualities which have made her short stories so popular and so thoroughly delightful. A woman physician figures in it, but the story is quite unlike the novels by Mr. Howells and Miss Phelps in which women physicians are the heroines. It gives wonderfully accurate pictures of New England characters, customs and scenery; the heroine is "one of our girls" and as such will charm readers as few heroines do in current novels. The freshness, the sincerity, the helpful sympathy, which render Miss Jewett's stories at once so attractive and wholesome, pervade "A Country Doctor," and can hardly fail to make it one of the most widely popular and welcome of this summer's novels.

THE FATE OF MANSFIELD HUMPHREYS. With the Episode of Mr. Washington Adams in England, and an Apology. By Richard Grant White. 16mo, $1 25.

This is one of the most entertaining of "International" books, in which the mutual misconceptions and prejudices of Englishmen and Americans are developed and illustrated.

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An American story in character and incidents, told with so much life and spirit that it will be hailed as a special boon by novel readers. To a multitude looking for summer reading, this story needs no other recommendation than that it is by the author of "Rutledge."

THE AMERICAN HORSEWOMAN. By Elizabeth Karr. Illustrated, 12mo, $2 00.

An admirably practical book. The selection and management of a horse, all the details of equipment, every separate article of dress that the rider should wear, and the making of it—all these are described specifically; and the book is made still more useful by illustrative cuts, the whole forming a manual of great value to any lady who would become thoroughly skillful in the equestrienne art.

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This book comprises selection from Thoreau's Journals containing observations and reflections during the summers of many years. Some of these are descriptive, with that fine photographic accuracy which marks Thoreau's pictures of natural scenes. Other passages contain those subtle reflections on society, religion, laws, literature, which also characterize whatever Thoreau wrote, and which pique the curiosity and stimulate the minds of his readers.

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BOSTON.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Henry Fiedler, deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed administrator of the estate of Henry Fiedler, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs, at the October term on the last Monday in October next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 11th day of September, A. D. 1884. w) 20-4 ISAAC DAVIS, Administrator.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage and receive a costly box of goods which will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. wo-15 ly

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FOR SALE—A first class business in Colorado Springs established [illegible] years. [illegible] good [illegible] and [illegible] asked. [illegible], [illegible] Springs. k 5 tf

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FOR RENT—With board, two handsomely furnished rooms with east and south windows. [illegible] on second. No. 51½ North [illegible] k 9 6

FOR RENT—I have rooms in suite or single in brick block that will rent cheap to permanent tenants. O. H. White. 3 10 tf

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WANTED—Any one wanting the best of winter pasturage with good shelter, plenty of hay and stabling, with good care if needed, should send their stock to [illegible] Ranch. Address box 1, Colorado Springs. k 4 12

BOARDING

BOARDING—Furnished rooms and board can be obtained at Mrs. McE[illegible]'s No. 811 North Cascade. Good New England cooking. k 8 6t

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Alexander Stewart, deceased. The undersigned having been appointed executrix of the estate of Alexander Stewart, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs at the October term, on the last Monday in October next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 25th day of September, A. D. 1884. 1-26 lm JANE STEWART, Executrix.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

TO THE

Constitution of the State of Colorado.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that at the general election to be held in the several wards and precincts of this state on the fourth (4) day of November, A. D., 1884 and pursuant to the provisions of an act of the general assembly of the state of Colorado, passed at the fourth session thereof, being an act entitled

"An act to submit to the qualified electors of "the state of Colorado amendments to sections "six (6), nineteen (19), and twenty two (22), of "article five (5), of the constitution of the state "of Colorado, concerning legislative department." Approved February 11, 1883. The following proposed amendments to the constitution of the state of Colorado will be submitted to the qualified electors of said state for their approval or rejection, which when ratified by a majority of those voting thereon shall be valid as a part of the constitution of said state, that is to say: "Section six (6), of article five (5), of the constitution of the state of Colorado shall be amended so as to read as follows, to wit:

"SECTION 6—Each member of the general assembly, until otherwise provided by law, shall "receive, as compensation for his services, "seven dollars ($7 00) for each day's attendance and fifteen (15) cents for each "mile necessarily traveled, in going to and "returning from the seat of government, "and shall receive no other compensation, "perquisite, or allowance whatsoever. No session of the general assembly shall exceed "ninety days. No general assembly shall fix its "own compensation."

"Section nineteen (19), of article five (5), of the constitution of the state of Colorado shall be amended so as to read as follows, to-wit:

"SECTION 19—No act of the general assembly "shall take effect until ninety days after its "passage, (except in case of emergency which "shall be expressed in the act) [unless] the general assembly shall by a vote of two thirds of "all the members elected to each house otherwise direct. No bill except the general appropriation bill for the expenses of the government only, introduced in either house of the "general assembly after the first thirty days of "the session shall become a law."

"Section twenty-two (22), of said article five (5), of the constitution of the state of Colorado shall be amended so as to read as follows, to-wit."

"SECTION 22—Every bill shall be read by title "when introduced, and at length on two different "days in each house, all substantial amendments made thereto shall be printed for the "use of the members before the vote is taken on "the bill, and no bill shall become a law except "by a vote of a majority of all the members "elected to each house, nor unless on its final "passage the vote be taken by ayes and noes "and the names of those voting be entered on "the journal."

"And by said act submitting said amendments it is further provided that"

"Each elector voting at said election and desirous of voting for or against all of the amendments as a whole, shall deposit in the ballot "box a ticket whereon shall be written or printed the words 'For the amendments,' or the "words, 'Against the amendments.' Any such "elector not desirous of voting as aforesaid may "express his approval or rejection of any one or "more of said amendments as in the other "case, provided, that he shall designate any "amendment so approved or rejected by him, "by number in the order in which it occurs in "this act, "and that the votes cast for the adoption or rejection of said amendments or of "either of them shall be canvassed and the result determined in the manner provided by the "laws of the state for the canvass of votes for "representative in congress."

{SEAL} In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the state of Colorado, at Denver, in said state, this First day of August, A. D. 1884.

MELVIN EDWARDS,
Secretary of State.

g 21 3m

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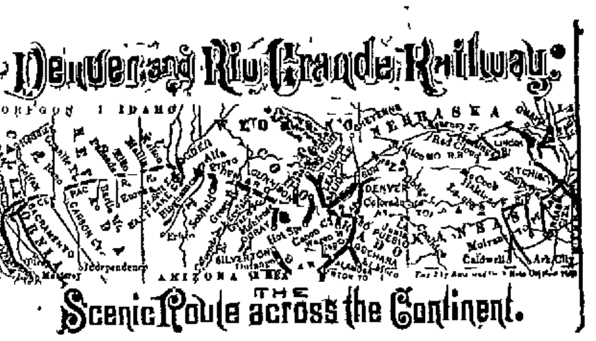
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DAILY GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1884

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

No. 7. Pacific express f r Gunnison Salt Lake and California, arrives 10 40 a. m , departs 10 48 a m

" 1 El Moro mail arrives 11 25 a. m , departs 11 28 a. m

" 3. Leadville, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 10 58 p m , departs 11 03 p m.

" 5. Kansas City Express, arrives 2 10 p m , departs 2.15 p m

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No 2. Leadville, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 3 56 a. m., departs 4 00 a. m

" 6 Kansas City Express, arrives 12 07 p. m , departs 12 10 p m

" 4 Denver mail arrives 3.56 p m , departs 4 01 p m

" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Salt Lake and Gunnison, arrives 5 59 p. m , departs 6.04 p m

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

WESTWARD.	EASTWARD
No 31—Leaves 9 30 a. m	No. 32—Arrives 9 05 a. m
No 33— " 11 00 a. m	No 34— " 10 25 a m
No. 35— " 12 15 p m	No 36 " 11 55 a m
No 37— " 2.25 p. m	No 38— " 1 50 p. m
No 39— " 6 15 p m	No. 40— " 5.45 p m

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains Horton reclining chair cars on day trains Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address
J M ELLISON, Agent

Denver & New Orleans Railway

LEAVES	ARRIVES.
For Pueblo 6 45 a m	From Pueblo, 1 00 p.m.
" Denver 9 35 a m	

Postoffice Bulletin

The postoffice is open daily from 7 30 a. m to 7.30 p m Sundays from 12 to 1 p. m Mails arrive and depart as follows

GOING SOUTH		DEPART
Via D & R. G	10.30 a m.	8 00 p m
Via D & N O	11 00 a. m	
GOING NORTH		
Via D & N O		8 45 p m
Via D & R. G		5 10 p m
" "		8 00 p. m
MAIL FROM THE NORTH	ARRIVE.	
Via D & R G.	11 00 a. m	
Via D & N O	11.45 a. m	
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH		
Via D & N O		4 15 p. m.
Via D & R. G		8 00 p m
	ARRIVE	DEPART
Colorado City & Manitou	11.00 a. m	10.30 a. m
Manitou	6 00 p m.	5 10 p m

Mail for Sunview and Hatton closes Sunday at 8.00 p m Arrives Tuesday at 6 00 p m

Mail for Suffolk and Sanborn closes Monday at 12 00 m, and arrives Saturday at 8.00 p m

Telegraph Office Hours.

Week days 8 a. m to 8 p m
Sundays 8 to 10 a. m and 4 to 6 p m
MISS M A. CARPENTER, Manager

Captain J M Givens went out to his ranch on Horse creek yesterday.

The St Vrain restaurant closed up yesterday for lack of patronage

Judge J C Helm of the supreme court, spent Sunday in Colorado Springs.

A new time table goes into effect on the Denver and New Orleans this morning

Miss Nellie Kerr is home again after an absence of several months at the east,

Colonel J H Bacon made a flying trip to Denver over the D & N O yesterday.

Mr William Bush and daughter left yesterday for a week's visit at Idaho Springs

Mr Wilford Hamp and C H. Mallon came in from their ranch near Hugo yesterday

Mr R. H Barnwell and wife left The Antlers yesterday for their ranch in Manitou park

Mrs Channing Sweet returned home yesterday after an absence of nearly a year at the east.

Mr A D Davis and wife were passengers on the the north bound Thunderbolt yesterday noon

Mrs Hicks, who was called to Cheyenne to attend the funeral of her son, has returned to the city

A special containing a party of railroad people came up from Pueblo at half past seven last night

Receiver Jackson and Mr. D Parrish went north on the Denver & New Orleans yesterday morning.

Mr J A McFarland, agent for the Dunman Thompson company, was registered at The Antlers yesterday

The W C T U will hold its regular meeting this afternoon at four o'clock at the Y. M C A rooms

A special came in from the south last night with Mr. J. A Hall and party, of New York They are at The Antlers

During the absence of Mr S. N. Nye, Mr. Charles W. Howbert will have the management of the opera house

Mr B Cremer, editor of the Daily Democrat published at Peoria, Illinois, was a caller at the GAZETTE office yesterday afternoon

Mr Del Whaite of Messrs Daniels & Whaite started for Chicago yesterday He will make the trip one of pleasure and business combined

Col Linsley of The Antlers left yesterday for Salt Lake City where he will remain a short time and then go to Minneapolis and St. Paul

Messrs A K Searls and A M. Cunningham left Sunday for a hunt on West creek They expect to be gone till the latter part of this week.

The Plagio larceny case which was to have come up before Justice Pixley yesterday afternoon, has again been postponed until the 20th instant.

A special car carrying members of the order of United Workmen passed through over the Denver and Rio Grande yesterday on the way to Las Vegas New Mexico

There will be a sociable and musical entertainment at the Grace church association rooms corner of Weber and Platte avenue this evening All are invited to attend

Mr. H H Bancroft, the historian, who, with his family, have been stopping at the New Crawford house for nearly two weeks, left for Denver yesterday, where he will remain for some time

A marriage certificate was issued Saturday evening to Robert Love of Rocky post office, Park county, Colorado, and Miss Kate M Brandt of Chicago, Huron county, Ohio They were married on Sunday at Colorado City.

Judge Symes will deliver an address in the opera house on Thursday It was expected that Charles Thomas would speak on Friday night, but notice was received that he would not be here until the 17th inst

The engine drawing the special train which took the Colorado Springs people to Mrs Woodbury's funeral ran off of the track just as it was entering the Y on Moreno avenue No damage of any importance was done

There was a very pleasant gathering of young people at the residence of Mr T E Johnson last evening the occasion being a party given by Miss Maud Johnson to Miss Maud Russell, of Denver, who has been visiting her many friends in Colorado Springs Among those present were Misses Johnson, Russell, Smith, Walker, Darling, Barnes, Cameron, Jones, Davis, Storer, Harris Gernaus, McCabe and Tweed, and Messrs Johnson, Moservey, Walbert, Morton, Tucker, Rowell, Tschuddi, Farris Storer, H Seldomridge, Hall, Tweed, Herbert, Metz, Theobold, Ferguson and others

Next Saturday Denman Thompson will appear at the opera house in "Joshua Whitcomb," one of the funniest plays produced upon the stage Speaking of him in his play the Columbus, Ohio, News says, "Like the gurgle of a mountain brook or the first breath of spring when sweet primroses peep out from their green beds, so is 'Joshua Whitcomb,' the New Hampshire farmer, in the hands of that superb character actor, Den Thompson It is a play of which the public never tires, it is so simple, so homelike, the very odor of clover and grasses that hangs about Swanzy are transplanted to the stage, and we laugh and cry in quick succession at the intense yet natural situations with which it abounds 'Joshua Whitcomb' is not a play, it is an idyl, in which the mirror is held up to nature itself Mr Thompson is a native of Swanzy, 'thirty miles from Keene,' and all the characters he brings into the entertainment are taken from real life in his old New England home His work is beyond criticism, he has long since been beyond the reach of the carping critic, and the writer who would attempt to pick any flaw in his work from the time he makes his first run to a fire until the curtain goes down on the happy company at Josh's farm, would at once advertise his ignorance of what true acting is"

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Go to Fairley Bros' for bargains in second hand stoves

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Fairley Bros. are the leaders of low prices on all kinds of furniture

Fairley Bros. have the finest line of parlor goods in the city

Remember that Fairley Bros manufacture to order, or make over and repair any item of parlor or wood furniture They employ none but first class mechanics

FAIRLEY BROS., UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING, fourth door east of City Drug Store

C. E EDWARDS, D D S.
No 21 N Tejon street
Opposite the opera house
Gas administered
Telephone No 2 n 17 tf

Durkee s Salad Dressing and Cold Meat Sauce is made from the freshest, purest and choicest condiments obtainable In using it, waste labor anxiety and disappointment are prevented.

FASTEST TIME ON RECORD

Sunday, September 14th the popular Burlington Route commenced running over the Oxford Kenesaw cut off, the completion of which makes this the shortest line to Omaha, Chicago and all points east by 50 miles Passengers from this city can save four hours by taking the Burlington train from Denver, where direct connections are made with all D & R G. trains Pullman buffet cars are run through from Denver to Chicago every day in the year, without change, over the Burlington Passengers can take the D & R G. trains leaving Colorado Springs at 4 05 or 5 40 p m ; and take Burlington train leaving Denver at 9 45 p m reaching Chicago in 39½ hours For tickets and information inquire of J M Ellison, agent of the D & R. G , Colorado Springs j 1" tf

Ashby has samples of his suits ready for inspection out of the car load just received The very latest styles Some very novel pieces of furniture

Ladies, call and see the stylish upholstery Ashby is getting up Something new

A full line of hanging lamps at Ashby s. New patterns

Tents and camping outfits for rent at Ashby s

A fine sideboard at a big bargain at Ashby s

WRAPPING PAPER,

WRAPPING PAPER

WRAPPING PAPER

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE

CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

AND

BOOK STORE

"Story of a Country Town,"

BY E W HOWE

This is the book so highly commended by W D Howells

PRICE, $1.50; is also in the Library.

J. H. Eoff

j 26 tf

Established 1873.

EL PASO COUNTY BANK.

Capital Paid in	$100,000
Surplus	20,000

Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe

WM. S JACKSON, Cashier.
J H BARLOW, Assistant Cashier

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM

Wm S. Jackson O H White, J H Barlow
c-8-tf

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Barney Longton deceased The undersigned having been appointed executrix of the estate of Barney Longton late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs at the October term, on the last Monday in October next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned

Dated this 25th day of September, A D. 1884
OCTAVIA M LONGTON
wj 27-4 Executrix

GILES CRISSEY. G W THOMAS

CRISSEY & THOMAS

DEALERS IN

CHICAGO AND COLORADO

LUMBER,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Building Paper Paints Oils Glass &c

Office and yard on corner Tejon and Bijou streets Colorado Springs we-13-tf

St. Vrain Dining Hall

AND

OYSTER PARLOR

Meals furnished at all hours

Catering for Private Parties a Specialty.

DAY BOARD $3 PER WEEK.

F. H. RAY,
PROPRIETOR f-12 ly

EDITION DE LUXE
OF THE

Works of Wm. Hickling Prescott

Messrs J P Lippincott & Co of Philadelphia, have the pleasure of announcing that their edition de luxe of the works of W H Prescott, in fifteen volumes, is now complete

This edition is printed from the type of the new revised edition, edited by J Foster Kirk, on laid paper of the best quality, printed in the best style for which the press of this house is noted It contains all of the thirty portraits printed on India paper the plates having been carefully retouched expressly for this edition

This edition corresponds in size and style with the de luxe editions of "Hawthorne" and "Emerson," so that lovers of good books can have these great American authors uniform

The edition is limited to two hundred and fifty copies, which are numbered and registered, a portion of which by the courtesy of the owners of the English copyright, have been sold in England.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers

715 717 Market St. Philadelphia

Glenwood Springs TOWN CO.

Glenwood Springs, Garfield Co., Colo.

Lots for Sale in this Promising Resort for Invalids.

The hot sulphur springs, lakes and caves are wonderful beyond conception and afford a certain cure for scrofulous and other diseases

A hotel just opened, giving accommodation to transients

The town of Glenwood Springs is destined to be the supply point for the great agricultural valley of the Roaring Forks and for the grand stock ranges of the valleys of the White and Grand rivers.

For prices of lots and for pamphlets giving all information as to routes, rates, etc., etc., apply to

M. T. DeCOURSEY,
General Manager,
Glenwood Springs,
Garfield Co., Colorado.
j 1 tf

Chattel Mortgage Sale.

Whereas Edward P Tenney by the name of E P Tenney did, on the first day of July, A. D., 1884 by his certain chattel mortgage of that date, recorded in the El Paso records, book 69, page 180 convey to Miss Annie E Barker and Mrs Emma B Severy, mortgagees the following described property to secure the payment of his two certain promissory notes of that date with interest, as in said notes specified to-wit One note for seven hundred dollars, payable to the order of Miss Annie E Barker and one note for eight hundred dollars payable to the order of Mrs Emma B Severy each of said notes being dated July 1st 1884 and payable three months after date with interest at the rate of one per cent per month until paid, and whereas, both of said notes are due and unpaid, now, therefore, I James B Severy by the power and authority in me, as the lawful and authorized agent and attorney of said Annie E Barker and said Emma B Severy vested in and by the terms of said chattel mortgage having taken possession of the property in said mortgage described, will at the hour of two o clock p m , on Saturday, the 18th day of October, 1884, at the "Hooper House" so called near the northeast corner of Weber and Columbia streets, in Colorado Springs county of El Paso state of Colorado, sell to the highest and best bidder for cash the said mortgaged property, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay said notes and interest according to their terms and all expenses of the mortgagees and of this sale, to wit thirty cows, branded with the letter C and an arrow head combined thus C→ or [brand] on the left hip Also twelve two-year olds branded in a similar manner to-wit C→ or [brand] on left hip (includes a small Jersey bull) Also eighteen yearlings branded in a similar manner, to-wit C→ or [brand] on left hip Also twenty five calves branded and to be branded in a similar manner to-wit C→ or [brand] on left hip Also one Jersey bull three years old branded in a similar manner, to-wit C→ or [brand] on left hip Also one grade Durham bull one year old, branded in a similar manner C→ or [brand] Also all the increase from said herd of stock while this mortgage remains in force The said sale being for the purpose of paying said notes and interest and reasonable expenses of said mortgagees hereunder and the expenses of this sale
JAMES B SEVERY
Agent and Attorney for said Mortgagees
Colorado Springs, Colo October 6th 1884
k 7 td

Publication Notice

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO Col
September 1st 1884

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the judge and ex officio clerk of El Paso county court, at Colorado Springs Colorado, on October 18th, 1884, viz

Henry M Law declaratory statement No 8493 for the east half southeast quarter, southwest quarter southeast quarter and southeast quarter southwest quarter, section 21, township 18 south, range 68 west He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz W M Walker, J B Clark, John S Patterson and A H Cosbo all of Manitou, Colorado.

William M Walker, declaratory statement No 6900, for the east half southeast quarter, section 18, northwest quarter southwest quarter and southwest quarter northwest quarter, section 17, township 13 south, range 68 west He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz H M Law, James B Clark, John S. Patterson and A H Cosbo, all of Manitou, Colorado

Clinton T Henderson, declaratory statement No 8955, for the north half southeast quarter, section eight, west half southwest quarter, section nine, township twelve south, range sixty three west He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, namely Thomas Shockley, James M Holden, J E Daisy and Herman H Beckman, all of Bijou Basin, Colorado

Josiah H Smith half section No 996, for the northeast quarter section 1, township 11 S , range 66 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz John Simmons and John G Smalley of Colorado Springs, Colo Melvin Brown and Howard Williams of Table Rock, Colorado
MARK L BLUNT, Register
wj 13 6

CHICAGO STORE

Will Open for Business at the

Same Old Store, No. 16 South Tejon Street,

ON

Thursday, October 9th,

With a Full Line of

Fall & Winter Millinery, Fancy Goods, Underwear & Hosiery,

Notions, Etc., Etc, Call and See Us.

k-8-tf

F. ERICKSON.

COME TO THE OLD PIKE'S PEAK.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

To the Members of the

G. A. R. and Their Friends

And All Other

Visitors to Colorado Springs

Will Notice the

Hanging Sign Across Pike's Peak Avenue,

Just one block in front of The Antlers Hotel, they will find the

Cheapest and Best Place

TO BUY

Dry Goods and Notions

In Colorado Springs.

First-Rate Stock, Moderate Prices and Reliable.

HOWARD HUGHES,

Pike's Peak Avenue, Next Door to Robinson's Drug Store.

d-4-tf

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

Having made Extra exertions, and taken great pains in selecting my New Fall and Winter Goods in the Eastern Markets, which are now arriving and placed on sale, I earnestly solicit an inspection of my stock, which comprises Foreign and American Dress-Goods in newest colorings and designs, Wool Suitings, Tricots, Cloakings, Velvets, Velveteens, Plushes, Astrachans, Silks, Satins, Ladies', Gents' and Children's Knit Underwear, Ladies' and Children's Cloaks, Circulars, Surtouts and Jackets, Blankets, Flannels, Comforts, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Collars, Cuffs. A large line of piece goods, comprising Jeans, Tweeds, Satinetts, Kerseys and Cassimeres for men and boys' wear. Curtain Draperies and Laces, Curtain Fringes, Trimmings, Fringes, Velvet Ribbons, Gimps, and an endless line of Silk, Satin and Silk Velvet Ribbon. Remnants and Ends at about half their value, and while it would take more space than I can buy in the Gazette to itemize everything, I again ask all please to give me a call and examine for themselves.

O. J. MARTIN

s 30-ly

W. TANNER & BRO.

Proprietors of

The Old Reliable Transfer Line

And agents for

Canon City, Walsen Cameron, Blacksmith's and MESA ANTHRACITE COAL.

Office at the coal yards near D & R G freight depot. Order books at the hardware stores of G S. Barnes & Son and C E Durkee Telephone No 89 1-5 tf

W. H. D. Merrill,

SANITARY PLUMBER,

STEAM AND GAS FITTER,

114 Pike's Peak avenue.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO
h-17-ly

New Fall Goods Comprising Everything Desirable.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Black and Colored Cashmeres,
Black Silk Warp Henrietta,
Armura Cords,
Drap D'Alma,
English Diagonals,
Soliels,
Camel's Hair,
Wool Brocades,
Silk and Wool Plaids,
Jersey Stripes,
Biarritz Cloth,
Jersey Cloths,
French Suitings,
Tricot Suitings,
Embossed Velvets
Black and Colored Brocade Velvets,
Black and Colored Silks,
Black and Colored Velvets,

We are showing a special bargain in Colored Silk at $1 20 , have sold at $1 75

OUR FLANNEL DEPARTMENT.

Comprises everything from the leading manufacturers, and at 10 to 15 per cent less than offered

Elderdown Sackings in all colors

Gloves and Hosiery both Wool and Cotton

A special bargain in Ladies' Solid-Colored, Full Regular Made Hose at 25 cents sold everywhere at 40 cents.

Ladies', Gents' and Children's Knit Underwear, white and Colored, from 50 cents each to the finest Camel's Hair

Ladies' and Children's Cloaks, the largest assortment ever offered in this market, at very low prices

Carpets, Rugs and Oil Cloths, Extra Super Carpets at 75 cents, 10 cents a yard less than ever sold

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Buck Gloves,
Worsted Gloves,
Driving Gloves,
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
Socks,
Neckties and Scarfs,
Wool Underwear, etc., etc.

We wish to call especial attention to the celebrated Monarch Unlaundried Shirts made from the best cotton, with pure linen bosoms, which we are selling at $1.00. This shirt is fully as good as any usually sold at $2.00.

We cordially invite all to call and inspect our stock. We are confident that we can please you as to quality of goods and prices

1-23 tf

CHICAGO DRY GOODS HEADQUARTERS.

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